

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Administration-Engineering-Water-Sewer-Facilities Parks-Forestry-Highway-Sanitation-Cemetery-Fleet

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MEMORANDUM

То:	Eric Devlin, Conservation Agent
From:	Jay Coy, Deputy City Engineer
cc:	Denise Gaffey, Director and City Planner Elena Proakis Ellis, Director of Public Works Vonnie Reis, City Engineer
Date:	5/10/2023

Re: Ell Pond Brook – Main Street Culvert Relocation NOI - AMENDMENT

Dear Eric,

An NOI was previously submitted to MassDEP on Thursday April 27th, 2023. It was subsequently brought to our attention that once the culvert that conveys Ell Pond Brook is opened, it will be considered a stream bank itself, and therefore needs to be included in the area of disturbance calculations. Additionally, the sides of the new culvert will be considered "bank" under the Wetland Protection Act. Revisions are noted below in **bold**. Page 2 and 3 of WPA Form 3 with revisions is also attached.

Project Description

The City proposes a drain infrastructure project that includes relocation of an existing covered brook culvert, known as Ell Pond Brook. The project aims to reroute the existing culvert that discharges from Ell Pond and flows under 681-697 Main Street. The proposed work will consist of installing approximately 320 linear feet a new 60-inch RCP southerly down Main Street. All the work will be confirmed to the existing paved right-of-way. A very small portion of this work will take place in the 100-foot buffer zone from Ell Pond.

Impacts

This work will consist of approximately 80 square feet of mill and overlay paving and approximately 12 square feet of trenching to install a new drain manhole to connect to the existing culvert.

The plan is to install the length of the new culvert in the dry, prior to connecting to the existing culvert. Therefore, the disturbance to existing bank will be confined to the location of the entry and exit manholes plus approximately 10 linear feet of pipe on each side. Each manhole excavation will be approximately 7'x 7' (98 square feet total). The pipe trenches considered

existing bank will be 6' x 10' (120 square feet total). The disturbance to existing bank be equal to approximately 34 linear feet and the land under water bodies 218 square feet.

Additionally, the project will add bank in the form of the new culvert. Approximately 320 linear feet of new culvert will be installed in Main St., resulting in the addition of 640 linear feet of new "bank". Conservatively using the maximum diameter and assuming ½ pipe flowing full, the new LUW is 1920 square feet. As the culvert is a buried RC pipe, no part of the new infrastructure is expected to provide ecological benefit.

Stormwater Management

Stormwater management will include a range of measures to ensure that any environmental impact to upstream or downstream water bodies is minimized during construction. There will not be any changes to flow volumes or impacts post-construction. There are no new untreated discharges (Standard 1). During construction, stormwater management measures will include the use of erosion control techniques such as catch basin silt sacks and straw wattles to control the transport of sediment. The performance standards in the Stormwater Checklist will be met to the extent possible, however Items 2-6 do not apply as there are no changes in flow volume or capacity, recharge, water quality impacts, LUHPPLs, or critical areas. No BMPs or recharge structures are proposed. This project is considered a redevelopment project (Standard 7). The area of disturbance is less than one acre, therefore a NPDES general permit is not required (Standard 8). Post construction measures will include routine maintenance of the pipe (Standard 9) and illicit discharge prevention will be conducted in accordance with the City's MS4 permit (Standard 10).

The project team recognizes the importance of protecting the wetland resource areas and will work diligently to ensure that the work is completed in an environmentally responsible manner.

Please don't hesitate to contact me if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Jay Coy, PE, PMP Deputy City Engineer



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key



A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.¹ This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



5/11/2023

Signature and Date

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

New development



Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



Checklist (continued)

LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

\boxtimes	No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas			
	Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)			
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)			
	Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs			
] LID Site Design Credit Requested:			
	Credit 1			
	Credit 2			
Credit 3				
	Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe			
	Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)			
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)			
	Treebox Filter			
	Water Quality Swale			
	Grass Channel			
	Green Roof			
\square	Other (describe): Fully enclosed culvert			

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

- No new untreated discharges
- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.

Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm.

Standard 3: Recharge

Soil Analysis provided.

- Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.

Static	Simple Dynamic
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Dynamic Field¹

	Runoff from all	impervious areas	s at the site o	discharging to	the infiltration BMP
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Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.

Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.

Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume only to the maximum
extent practicable for the following reason:

Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
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- M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
- Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
- Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.

Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.

Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
- · Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
- Vehicle washing controls;
- Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
- Spill prevention and response plans;
- Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
- Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
- Pet waste management provisions;
- Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
- Provisions for solid waste management;
- Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
- Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
- Street sweeping schedules;
- Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
- Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
- Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
- List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
- Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
 - is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
 - is near or to other critical areas
 - is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
 - involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
- The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)			
The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:			
☐ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or			
The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.			
☐ The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.			
A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.			
Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)			
 The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted <i>prior to</i> the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs. 			
☐ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does <i>not</i> cover the land use.			
LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.			
All exposure has been eliminated.			
All exposure has <i>not</i> been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.			
The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.			
Standard 6: Critical Areas			
The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.			
Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.			



Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:

Limited Projec	t
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- Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.
- Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area
- Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
- Bike Path and/or Foot Path
- Redevelopment Project
- Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.

☐ The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

- ☐ The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has *not* been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted *before* land disturbance begins.
- The project is *not* covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

- The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
 - Name of the stormwater management system owners;
 - Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
 - Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
 - Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
 - Description and delineation of public safety features;
 - Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
 - Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- The responsible party is *not* the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
 - A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
 - A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted *prior to* the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Provided by MassDEP:

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 – Notice of Intent Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

MassDEP File Number

Document Transaction Number

City/Town

A. General Information (continued)

	c. Book	d. Page Number
	a. County	b. Certificate # (if registered land)
8.	Property recorded at the Registry of Deeds for:	
	2. Limited Project Type If the proposed activity is eligible to be treated as a CMR10.24(8), 310 CMR 10.53(4)), complete and a Project Checklist and Signed Certification.	an Ecological Restoration Limited Project (310 attach Appendix A: Ecological Restoration Limited
 7b. Is any portion of the proposed activity eligible to be treated as a limited project (including Restoration Limited Project) subject to 310 CMR 10.24 (coastal) or 310 CMR 10.53 (inla 1. Yes No If yes, describe which limited project applies to this project. (See 10.24 and 10.53 for a complete list and description of limited project applies for a complete list and description of limited project. 		
	9. Other	
	7. 🗌 Agriculture (e.g., cranberries, forestry)	8. 🔲 Transportation
	5. 🔲 Utilities	6. 🗌 Coastal engineering Structure
	3. Commercial/Industrial	4. Dock/Pier
	1. 🗌 Single Family Home	2. Residential Subdivision
7a.	Project Type Checklist: (Limited Project Types see	e Section A. 7b.)
	See attached	

1. Buffer Zone Only – Check if the project is located only in the Buffer Zone of a Bordering Vegetated Wetland, Inland Bank, or Coastal Resource Area.

2. Inland Resource Areas (see 310 CMR 10.54-10.58; if not applicable, go to Section B.3, Coastal Resource Areas).

Check all that apply below. Attach narrative and any supporting documentation describing how the project will meet all performance standards for each of the resource areas altered, including standards requiring consideration of alternative project design or location.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Provided by MassDEP:

WPA Form 3 – Notice of Intent

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

MassDEP File Number

Document Transaction Number

City/Town

B. Buffer Zone & Resource Area Impacts (temporary & permanent) (cont'd)

	<u>Resour</u>	<u>ce Area</u>	Size of Proposed Alteration	Proposed Replacement (if any)		
	- 🕅	Pank	34	640		
For all proiects	a. 🖂	Dalik	1. linear feet	2. linear feet		
affecting other	b	Bordering Vegetated	1 aquara faat	2 ocupro fact		
Resource Areas, please attach a		vvetland	1. square leet			
narrative	c. 🛛	Land Under	1. square feet	2. square feet		
the resource		Waterbodies and				
area was delineated		waterways	3. cubic yards dredged			
domodiod.	<u>Resour</u>	<u>ce Area</u>	Size of Proposed Alteration	Proposed Replacement (if any)		
	d. 🗌	Bordering Land				
	<u>.</u> .	Subject to Flooding	1. square feet	2. square feet		
			3. cubic feet of flood storage lost	4. cubic feet replaced		
	e. 🔛	Subject to Flooding	1. square feet			
		easjoor to ricounig				
			2. cubic feet of flood storage lost	3. cubic feet replaced		
	f. 🗌	Riverfront Area	1. Name of Waterway (if available) - specify coastal or inland			
		Width of Divertment Area				
	 25 ft Designated Densely Developed Areas only 100 ft New agricultural projects only 					
		200 ft All other pro	piects			
			5			
	3.	Total area of Riverfront A	rea on the site of the proposed proje	ect: square feet		
	4.	Proposed alteration of the	Riverfront Area:			
	a .1	total square feet	b. square feet within 100 ft.	c. square feet between 100 ft. and 200 ft.		
	5.	Has an alternatives analy	sis been done and is it attached to t	his NOI?		
	6.	Was the lot where the act	ivity is proposed created prior to Au	gust 1, 1996? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No		
3	3. 🗌 Co	astal Resource Areas: (Se	ee 310 CMR 10.25-10.35)			
	Note:	for coastal riverfront areas	s, please complete Section B.2.f . a	bove.		